1. Consider the following twelve functions:

$$f_{1}(x) = \frac{85}{x^{84} - 7x^{27}} \qquad g_{1}(x) = \frac{xe^{x} + 3x}{x^{5} - 13}$$

$$f_{2}(x) = (x^{\pi} - 17x^{3})(18e^{x} - 23) \qquad g_{2}(x) = (\sqrt[3]{x} + e^{x})(7e^{x} - 5\sqrt{x})$$

$$f_{3}(x) = \frac{x^{3} + 3x + 7}{e^{x} - 6} \qquad g_{3}(x) = x^{2}e^{x}$$

$$f_{4}(x) = \frac{e^{x}}{x^{3}} + \frac{x^{3}}{e^{x}} \qquad g_{4}(x) = x^{6}e^{2x}$$

$$f_{5}(x) = xe^{x^{2}} \qquad g_{5}(x) = \frac{5x^{2} + 3}{7x^{3} - 2}$$

$$f_{6}(x) = (13\sqrt{x} + 7)^{2} \qquad g_{6}(x) = \sqrt{x^{2} + 7}$$

It turns out that you can compute the derivatives of ten of these functions using our rules to date (power, e^x , sum, difference, constant multiple, product, quotient), possibly along with some algebra, and that you can't compute the other two without rules we haven't seen yet.

- (a) Identify the two you can't compute yet, and explain why our current list of rules isn't enough to compute them.
- (b) Compute the other ten derivatives. **DO NOT SIMPLIFY** your answers.

2. Suppose f and g are functions whose graph is shown below, with the indicated tangent lines at x = 3.

